

TABLE 2.-- Geologic logs of four test wells--continued

Material	Thick- ness (feet)	Depth to bottom (feet)
<u>Badger Pocket Well</u>		
Topsoil-----	3	3
Sand, medium, tan, with clay and basaltic gravel-----	25	28
Sand, medium, brown, and some silt and basaltic gravel-----	53	81
Gravel, basaltic, and sand-----	11	92
Sand, medium, brown-----	9	101
Gravel, basaltic, rounded and weathered-----	84	185
Gravel, basaltic, and brown coarse sand-----	25	210
Gravel, basaltic, with some pebbles of brown siltstone and clay-----	205	415
Sand, medium, brown, silt, and basaltic gravel-----	100	515
Sand, medium, brown, with white grains of soapstone, and basaltic gravel-----	7	522
Silt, brown, and sand-----	33	555
Sand, medium, tan, with arkosic pebble fragments-----	40	595
Silt, semi-hard, brown-----	26	621
Sand, brown, and silt with basaltic gravel-----	104	725

<u>Umtanum Creek Well</u>		
Sand, gravel, boulders, clay and silt, river deposits and possibly landslide material-----	50	50
Basalt, broken, black (large boulders with some sand and gravel between them?)-----	20	70
Basalt, hard, black-----	35	105
Basalt, broken, black, with light colored vein filling material-----	20	125
Basalt, hard, black-----	95	220
*Basalt, broken, black, some vesicular basalt, some subrounded black basalt gravels, some light gray volcanic ash (?) -----	9	229
*Carbonized wood, black-----	2	231
*Basalt, broken, black-----	4	235
Basalt, slightly broken, black-----	25	260
Ash (?), brown to gray-----	1	267
Basalt, broken, black-----	20	287
Basalt, hard, black-----	164	451
Basalt, broken, black-----	4	455
Basalt, hard, black-----	2	457
*Ash(or clay), brownish-gray-----	4	461
Basalt (or volcanic glass?), aphanitic, (vitreous luster), blue-green-----	1	462
*Basalt, broken, black to brownish-black-----	4	466
Basalt, hard, black-----	38	504
*Basalt, broken, black, some sand and subrounded black basaltic pebbles-----	5	509
Basalt, broken, black to dark brown, some light-colored vein-filling material-----	2	511
Basalt, hard, black to dark brown-----	2	513
*Basalt, broken, highly vesicular, black to reddish- brown (scoria?)-----	12	525

(continued)

TABLE 2.-- Geologic logs of four test wells--continued

Material	Thick- ness (feet)	Depth to bottom (feet)
<u>Umtanum Creek Well--continued</u>		
Basalt, vesicular, reddish-brown to black-----	23	548
*Basalt, highly vesicular, broken, brown to black-----	19	567
Basalt, broken, slightly vesicular black to reddish brown-----	10	577
Clay (or ash?), brown, and black sand-----	1	578
Basalt, broken, slightly vesicular, black-----	7	585
Basalt, broken, black-----	2	587
Basalt, hard, black, some light-colored vein-filling materials-----	5	592
Ash (?), yellowish-white to light brown-----	7	599
*Basalt, broken, black, some lighter-colored material (palagonite ?)-----	33	632
Basalt, broken, black, some thin layers (6-12 inches) of slightly (?) vesicular basalt-----	16	648
Basalt, hard, black-----	101	749
Basalt, broken, black-----	14	763
Basalt, broken, vesicular, black-----	10	773
Basalt, hard, dark gray-----	5	778
*Basalt, broken, vesicular, black to reddish-brown----	76	854
Basalt, hard, black-----	9	863
Basalt, broken, black-----	8	871
Basalt, hard, black to dark gray-----	11	882
Basalt, slightly-broken, dark green-black, some green vein-filling material-----	5	887
Basalt, hard, dark gray-----	7	894
*Basalt, broken, black, vesicular in places-----	9	903
Basalt, hard, black-----	8	911
*Basalt, very broken, vesicular, black to reddish- brown-----	6	917
*Basalt, moderately broken, black-----	7	924
*Basalt, broken, vesicular, black, with some blue- green vein-filling material-----	18	942
Basalt, broken, black, vesicular in places-----	27	969
Basalt, moderately hard, black-----	2	971
Basalt, hard, black-----	4	975
Basalt, broken, black, vesicular in places, some flint (?) nodules-----	44+	1,019+

*Water-bearing zones; zones that were noted during drilling. It is not possible to note every water-bearing zone during drilling operations. However, major aquifers sometimes are easily distinguished due to changes in discharging water temperature, a large and immediate increase in air pressure during drilling, or a change in potentiometric head in the well (usually not noticeable until the following day).